

Cambridge International AS & A Level

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Mathematics 9709

Paper 1 Pure Mathematics 1

Topic 8-Integration

Question No (21)

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**Question No (21)**

The equation of a curve is  $y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5x-6}}$ .

(i) Find the gradient of the curve at the point where  $x = 2$ .

(ii) Find  $\int \frac{2}{\sqrt{5x-6}} dx$  and hence evaluate  $\int_2^3 \frac{2}{\sqrt{5x-6}} dx$ .

**Solution**

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(c) Equation of curve given

$$y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5x-6}} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$y = 2(5x-6)^{-1/2}$$

differentiate w.r.t x

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \left[ -\frac{1}{2} (5x-6)^{-1/2-1} \frac{d}{dx} (5x-6) \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[ -\frac{1}{2} (5x-6)^{-3/2} (5) \right]$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -5 (5x-6)^{-3/2}$$

when  $x=2$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -5 (5(2)-6)^{-3/2}$$

$$= -5 (10-6)^{-3/2}$$

$$= -5 (4)^{-3/2}$$

$$= -5 \cdot 2^{-3}$$

$$= -5 \times 2^{-3}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2^3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{5}{8}$$

(ii)

$$\int \frac{2}{\sqrt{5x-6}} dx$$

$$= 2 \int (5x-6)^{-1/2} dx$$

$$= 2 \frac{(5x-6)^{-1/2+1}}{(-1/2+1)(5)} + K$$

$$= 2 \frac{(5x-6)^{1/2}}{1/2(5)}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{5x-6} + K$$

now for  $\int_2^3 \frac{2}{\sqrt{5x-6}} dx$

$$= \left| \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{5x-6} \right|_2^3$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{5(3)-6} - \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{5(2)-6}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{9} - \frac{4}{5} \sqrt{4}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \times 3 - \frac{4}{5} \times 2$$

$$= \frac{12}{5} - \frac{8}{5}$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} \quad \text{Ans}$$

